

§ 1941.5

7 CFR Ch. XVIII (1–1–04 Edition)

Fish. Any aquatic gilled animal commonly known as “fish,” as well as mollusks or crustaceans (or other invertebrates) produced under controlled conditions (that is, feeding, tending, harvesting, and such other activities as are necessary to properly raise and market the products) in ponds, lakes, streams, or similar holding areas.

Joint operation. Individuals who have agreed to operate a farm or farms together as a business unit. The real and personal property is owned separately or jointly by the individuals. A husband and wife who want to apply for a loan together will be considered a joint operation.

Limited resources applicant. An applicant who is a farmer or rancher and is an operator of a small or family farm (a small farm is a marginal family farm), including a new operator, with a low income who demonstrates a need to maximize farm or ranch income. A limited resource applicant must meet the eligibility requirements for a farm ownership or operating loan but, due to low income, cannot pay the regular interest rate on such loans. Due to the complex nature of the problems facing this applicant, special help will be needed and more supervisory assistance will be required to assure reasonable prospects for success. The applicant may face such problems as underdeveloped managerial ability, limited education, low-producing farm due to lack of development or improved production practices and other related factors. The applicant will not have nor expect to obtain, without the special help and a low-interest loan, the income needed to have a reasonable standard of living when compared to other residents of the community.

Majority interest. Any individual or combination of individuals owning more than a 50 percent interest in a co-operative, corporation, joint operation, or partnership.

Nonfarm enterprise. Any nonfarm business enterprise, including recreation, which is closely associated with the farm operation and located on or adjacent to the farm and provides income to supplement farm income. This may include, but is not limited to, such enterprises as raising earthworms, exotic birds, tropical fish, dogs, and

horses for nonfarm purposes, welding shops, road stands, boarding horses and riding stables.

Partnership. An entity consisting of individuals who have agreed to operate a farm. This entity must be recognized as a partnership by the laws of the State(s) in which the partnership will operate a farm and must be authorized to own both real and personal property and to incur debt in its own name.

Primary security. Any real estate and/or chattel security which is required to adequately secure the loan. This is not to be confused with “basic security,” as defined in §1962.4 of subpart A of part 1962 of this chapter.

Related by blood or marriage. As used in this subpart, individuals who are connected to one another as husband, wife, parent, child, brother, or sister.

Rural youth. A person who has reached the age of 10 but has not reached the age of 21 and does not reside in any city or town with a population of more than 10,000 inhabitants.

Rural youth projects. Modest projects initiated, developed, and carried out by rural youths participating in 4-H or Future Farmers of America, or similar organizations. Projects must produce enough income to meet expenses and debt repayment.

Security. Property of any kind subject to a real or personal property lien. Any references to collateral or security property shall be considered a reference to the term “security.”

State or United States. The United States itself, any of the fifty States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands of the United States, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

[53 FR 35684, Sept. 14, 1988, as amended at 58 FR 26680, May 5, 1993; 58 FR 48283, Sept. 15, 1993; 61 FR 35925, July 9, 1996; 62 FR 9353, Mar. 3, 1997; 68 FR 7696, Feb. 18, 2003]

§ 1941.5 [Reserved]

§ 1941.6 Credit elsewhere.

The applicant shall certify in writing on the appropriate forms, and the County Supervisor shall verify and document, that adequate credit is not available, with or without a guarantee